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Not to Meddle in Mex-

ican Affairs.

HE WILL NOT TREAT

Conference to Bring

About Recognition.

conference follows

dim to attend a conference with the fs of the rebel factions with a view cturning peace to Mexico. The would air profoundly the independence of republic and would establish the

edent of foreign interference in the

Will Keep Enemies Out.

Continued on Fifth Page.

Cable Despatch to THE SEN

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1915 .- Copyright, 1915, by the Sun Printing and Publishing Association

# GEN. CARRANZA ANGLO-FRENCH FINANCIAL ENVOYS HERE



ration of its interior affairs, this Foremost Bankers of U. S. Greet European Commissioners at Reception in the Morgan Library—Busiof the Mexican people and of the ness Conferences to Begin at Once.

Explains Carranza Stand. More than 100 men from the money early yesterday morning. The Whit-nires of the country, representing the Star liner Lapland, on which they were Apart from this fundamental reason oduce in your minds the intimate on that the conduct of the First United States, extended a greeting yesof the Constitutionalist army in terday afternoon to the Angle Franch dropped down and it was not long betharge of the executive power of the Financial Commission in the library of distance.

rations for the welfare and the financial history of the United States. Out of this visit, as soon as the method he other hand, your Excellencies has been decided, will come the estab-Ill have been able to observe from the iswers received to your note from the littary chiefs and civil subordinates of of dollars, either by loan or in some rst Chieftaincy that the First Chief other form.

authority that could decide | Pending formal meetings, it was made in fact does decide matters subapparent yesterday that there will be no replies have given an detailed statements made, but several ent example of their discipline and facts were emphasized by men who attended the reception.

The conferences to be held to conside preserve unity within the Conmalist Government, notwithstand-prolongation of the strife and in foreign exchange situation are not dethe of the ignoble and repeated insures of our enemies for the relaxation signed to ald the allied nations in the the Constitutionalist purchase of more munitions of war, and their attempts to corrupt its Those have been provided for and will

the national ambitions, and he States, the wheat men, the oats men, to live in spite of his terrible experience the country nor permit the corn men, the cotton growers and onles of the cause which he rep- all other staple producers may export Club, arrived at the club pool for its to participate directly in the govtheir products not only to the counhad been closed for the night, but he Nor does he believe it just or wise tries at war but to all other countries had been closed for the high, because the high tries at war but to all other countries had been closed for the high, because the high tries at war but to all other countries had been closed for the high, because the high tries at war but to all other countries had been closed for the high, because the high tries at war but to all other countries had been closed for the high.

the revolution of 1910, in- ducers of the United States which has plant. drawn all the great banks of the coun- from his dive when the suction of pact made at Juarez with the old try into an approval of the movement. water pouring down the pipe caught line. The treaties there entered into Chicago, Cleveland, St. Louis, New Orbin, and drew him with it. The force enemies of the people still a leans, Cincinnati, Kansas City, the cities and were one of the principal leans, Cincinnati, Kansas City, the cities of the far West, are just as much concerned in the success of the plan as Then with the great flood of water Excellencies are cerned in the success of the plan as in the machina- New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Balti-

ing Russia and Italy as well—will remain at the Hotel Biltmore and this morning they will begin their conferences. It was not revealed. and the consummation of one France—in reality they are represent-most infamous treacheries remorning they will begin their conferences. It was not revealed that any committee of American business men will treat with them, but for the first period of the executive power and addressed a call to the Governors of the other States and to the chiefs in command to second his attitude to the end of liberating the people from the hated

centres of the country, representing the greatest financial institutions of the passengers, arrived at Quarantine shortly terday afternoon to the Anglo-French dropped down and anchored off a safe

Those who expected such a meeting The second the executive power of the commission in the library of the highest duties thrust upon him this activated trust.

The second that t

French banker and representative of the French Poreign Office, and Basil B. Blackett of the British Treasury—even at that hour they were still up and exchanged wireless greetings with the Corsair.

It was almost exactly 5:30 A. M. when Mr. Morgan and Henry P. Davison, one of his partners, accompanied by Capt. George Gaunt, naval attache of the British Embassy, at Washington. British Embassy at Washington, he held a written statement, and after Mr. Morgan had introduced everyb dy crossed over to the liner and found the delegates or commissioners up and he extended it and explained that it was all he or any other of the emissaries would give out at that time. To all Many other passengers, attracted by questions they were laughingly evasive. saying it was too early to make any hour by an hour or two in order to catch a glimpse of what was generally

Lord Reading's statement was as

The joint Anglo-French mission has come to the United States in connec-tion with the question of exchanges between New York, London and Paris. to be adopted for regulating the exchanges between the cities named

Continued on Third Page.

### DRAWN 250 FT. TO SEA U BOATS IN SPANISH WATERS. THROUGH 12 INCH PIPE Torpedoed Ship Reported as Cu-

160 Pound Man Has Terrible Experience After Dive in Asbury Park Pool.

ASSURY PARK, N. J. Sept. 19 .- As the result of being sucked for 250 feet through a 12 inch pipe Samuel Lash of New York, a maker of theatrical scenery, is in the Spring Lake Hospital with both arms broken, his collar bones irst Chief in consequence bears The object is to establish credits so fractured, his hips crushed and much ase responsibility of the realizational empirical contractions of the United of the skin on his body scraped off. Physicians say he has a good chance Mr. Lash, a member of the Allenhurst bring to naught the results of the believe it just or wise bring to naught the results of the believe in the world able to import supplies, receiving the course which your Exercises courteously and disinterest indicate to him, but which he contract of our own experience. In short, the revolution of 1910, in-

was so great that he was squeezed in

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. PARIS, Sept. 11 (Saturday) .- A Ger-

man submarine torpedoed the British steamship Alexandra, owned by the Cunard Steamship Company, seventy miles from Cape Paols, near Murcia, Spain, a despatch from Madrid says. Twenty-eight of the vessel's crew were landed at Mazarron.

Local officers of the Cunard Line asserted last night that there is no vessel named Alexandra among the Cunard

Shipping records give only one vessel named Alexandra, a Norwegian bark, of

AUSTRIA CLOSES FRONTIERS.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. GENEVA, via London, Sept. 10.—Austria has closed her Swiss and Rumanian frontiers and stopped all traffic also on the German frontier except at

### ENGLISH DOUBT U. S. IS AKIN. East, but Not in West.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SU LONDON, Sept. 10.-Henry William Massingham, editor of the Nation, has an article in that publication, in which he says in part:

rather several nations, as time will show? Nobody doubts the passionate feeling for the cause of the Allies, but feeling for the cause not for everything that has been done not for everything that has been done and is done in their name. This runs along the Atlantic seaboard. "But in the centre of the West this

emotional sympathy meets other strains, fainter, even hostile. This result is a nervous diplomacy.

## HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE IS FINED \$500

Court Punishes Company for Refusal to Testify in Neutrality Case.

suits brought by the Neptune Steamship

ship to the New York and Bermudas ompany, which in turn leased the ves-els to the Hamburg-American Line, he ships were loaded with coal and eft Philadelphia with supercargoes, who were German naval reservists. They were ostensibly bound for Liberia. The captain of one of the vessels said that his supercargo asked him not to put into Monrovia, but to cruise up and down the African coast, and being suspicious he put into the Canary Islands The captain of the other vessel followed his

While the ships were between Cape May and Cape Verdi both caught fire. The steamship companies allege that \$10,000 damage was done in each case and started suits to recover. In sup-plementary examinations thirteen ques-tions were put to the defendant com-pany, including: "Was not the coal in-tended for the Wilhelm der Grosse, af-terward sunk?" and "Had not the super-cargoes been told to change the route?"

The witnesses refused to answer on the The witnesses refused to answer on the

take advantage of the constitutional right to refuse to make answer, but a corporation couldn't. The defendant company continued to refuse and a fine of \$350 in each case was anounced. The

## CAPITAL AWAITS **NEW GERMAN NOTE**

May Deal With Entire Submarine Issue in Reply to President.

OFFICIAL VIEW GLOOMY

Mr. Lansing Puzzled by Arabic Statement-Confidence Lessened.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10,-Disappointed now looking forward to the receipt of another German note on the submarine Ambassador Gerard last night.

While no word has been received from the Ambassador about a new note, the State Department has reason to believe een delivered last evening is the German Government's reply to the last general note of the United States on the Bernstorff some time ago let it be known to the State Department that his Govermnent was replying to the President's standing that it was favorable. It is hoped here to-night that the general note may afford a better basis for satisfaction on the Arabic case.

According to the understanding which has existed here for some time, the German Government had reached a definite decision as to the character of its response to the President's last note before the Arabic incident occurred. The

### Way Clear for General Note.

This has now been received, and the has been laid before the Berlin Gov-ernment, that of the Hesperian, and there seems to be no immediate likelihood of a termination of the exchanges.

planned to send a note which would cover all phases of the submarine issue with the United States in a way that and other cases in the past and go as nitions in the Bethlehem Steel and other far as it felt it could toward offering plants would be greatly reduced.

omplete satisfaction.

It is declared that Germany intended

The State Department is waiting to more satisfactory replicable, persuade Germany to make a more satisfactory replicable.

Finally, it was intended to acquiesce in during this war and ask him to act on tion of munitions. this statement that he would hold him-self ready to suggest a way by which this could be done. This last, of course, was described here as an endeavor to meet the United States half way and also as an invitation to this Government to live up to Germany's expectations the connection of Consul-General Nuber

adhered to this plan in the note delivered to Ambassador Gerard last night is not yet known. It is the general belief, however, that it will be found is not yet known. It is the general to Consul-General.

belief, however, that it will be found that she has not departed greatly from what were her intentions three or four weeks ago.

tor forwarded its intentions that it will be found the Consul-General.

The understanding here is that when the document in question is received it will be turned over to the Department can note to Vienna is pointed to as proof.

### To End U Boat Controversy.

to have been decided on in Berlin, would practically end the controversy between the two Governments. It was ceived instructions stating explicitly the limitation on submarine dimmanders with regard to passenger ships he proceeded to the State Department and communicated to the State Department and communicat for that reason that as soon as he re- question

The disappointing character of the Company and the Ordigo Steamship German note on the Arabic case, how-company.

The steamship companies each leased regard. While it is still believed that the danger of a complete rupture be-tween the two Governments has largely disappeared for the moment, there is submarine sank the Canadian liner Hesperian, but still claim that the blame was not hers, there is no doubt that the effect on Washington opinion would be most depressing.

Secretary Lansing to-day admitted himself to be at a loss to understand the Arabic note, referring particularly to the last two paragraphs, discussing possible arbitration. In some quarters the conclusion was reached here to-day that these paragraphs can be discarded

Won't Arbitrate Moral Isaue. That is, it is declared impossible for

paign. This question, however, Germany insists must be left out of the arbitration. The belief here is that the two propositions are mutually exclusive strictly to account for his words.

and that together they have no value As a matter of fact, there is whatsoever, although it is not for a

as resolving itself into a question of fact—did or did not the Arabic intend to ram the German submarine? GENEVA. Sept. 16.—Following the movements of troops in Tyrol toward the Italian frontier the Austrian Government to-day ordered the closing of the Swiss frontier.

There are many evidences that the fact that Austria-Hungary is not to the fact that Austria-Hungary is not to the fact that Austria-Hungary is not the departure would be well-her friends and her enemies also are comed as relieving this Government of another disagreeable duty.

There are many evidences that the

Continued on Second Page

## Dumba's Coworkers in Strike Plan Also to Go if the Facts Warrant

The Activities of the German Military Attache, Von Papen, Consul-General Nuber and Hungarian Newspaper Editor Are Under Investigation.

A REPRISAL BY VIENNA IS NOT EXPECTED

Developments in the case of the Austro-Hungarian Ambassador, and perplexed by Germany's note on the Dr. Dumba, whose recall has been requested by the United States Gov-Arabic case. Administration officials are ernment, indicate that President Wilson may take action against Capte von Papen, the Military Attache of the German Embassy, Austro-Hun-Assue reported to have been handed to garian Consul-General Nuber in New York and the editor of the Hungarian paper Szabadsag, the alleged originator of the strike scheme.

The general situation has been so clarified, in the opinion of Washington officials, that no serious trouble is now expected with Germany. that the communication said to have It is believed that the relations with the Berlin Government will improve

Strong hope is also entertained that Austria-Hungary will not hand submarine question. Ambassador von the American Ambassador at Vienna his passports or request his recall in retaliation for the action in Dr. Dumba's case.

According to an investigation conducted in the middle West the cenlast note, and that it was his under- tres of Dr. Dumba's propaganda included Cleveland and Detroit, where the munition plants have been frustrating plots to foment strikes.

### regarding Germany's attitude toward BETTER RELATIONS WITH GERMANY NOW PREDICTED

countries might be the result.

While the response in the case

more satisfactory reply to the main issue

Secret Service Operations,

Mr. Bryan was in charge of the State Department it was considered wiser to

The State Department, it is known

sal of Capt. Franz von Papen, military representatives in this country has been attache of the German Embassy, and Officials here are attache of the German Embassy, and Officials here are now disposed to be-proceedings on the charge of conspiracy lieve that the action taken by the United Ambassador von Bernstorff to understand that before discussing the general question it desired a statement from Berlin on the Arabic case.

Ambassador von Bernstorff to understand the editor of the Hungarian language newspaper, Szabadsag, may follow the Administration's act in requesting the recall of Dr. Constantin argue, Germany controlled argue, Germa against Consul-General Nuber at New States in the Dumba case may tend to

agents calculated to stir up trouble is It was strongly indicated here to-day Meantime another case that, having charged Dr. Dumba with onspiring to hamper American induslowing try, action equally vigorous shall be diplomatic relations between

been changed to be in accord with the would avert danger of a break between gards the three other men mentioned the two Governments. In the first place, according to information available here. Berlin planned to meet the United States on the question of the Lusitania which he hoped the production of mucan notes

to announce in that note for the first time—the fact that submarines were under orders not to attack passenger ships without warning and without regard for the safety of those on board, unless the vessels offered resistance or tried to escape.

The blue of the memorandum drafte by the editor of Szabadsag outlining the details of the pian recommended by Ambassador Dumba. Examination of this document, which was enclosed by Dr. Dumba in his letter. President Wilson's statement that the to Vienna, is expected to show just freedom of the seas could be restored what was planned to curtail the productions the production of the seas could be restored.

that it would be most vigorous in seeking from Great Britain an observance of its stated that there is a strong presentational law. ment is determined to compel complete respect for the rights of American citi-zens and the American Government from

of Justice, which will be requested to that no unpleasantness should result, It was Ambassador von Bernstorff's determine what grounds if any it furbelief that the note, which he believed nishes for action by this Government in have been decided on in Berlin. Secretary Lansing has already been informed of the name of the editor in Ambassador Penfield and none is pected from him before to-morrow or

communicated this to Secretary Lan- ferred to by Dr. Dumba in his letter it would take ommunicated this to Secretary Lansing.

The latter proclaimed it as a recognition of the fundamental principle for which the United States has contended. It was everywhere admitted that at the connection with the plan suggested. He connection with the plan suggested and connection with the plan suggested. He connection with the plan suggested and connection with the plan suggested. He connection with the plan suggested and connection with the plan suggested. He connection with the plan suggested and connection with the plan suggested and connection with the plan suggested and connection with the plan suggested. Judge Van Vechten Veeder fixed the Hamburg-American Line \$700 in the United States District Court. Brooklyn, esterday for contempt of court in refusing to answer certain questions in two suits brought by the Neptune Steamship.

It was everywhere admitted that at connection with the plan suggested. He least the German statement offered is also brought into the case by virtue is also brought into the case by virtue of the fact that he is understood to have entrusted letters and other papers to the intention of the Austro-Hungarian Government may retaliate by handing of the fact that he is understood to have entrusted letters and other papers to the intention of the Austro-Hungarian Government may retaliate by handing of the fact that he is understood to have entrusted letters and other papers to the intention of the Austro-Hungarian Government may retaliate by handing of the fact that he is also brought into the case by virtue is also brought into the case by virtue of the fact that he is understood to have the fact that he is also brought into the case by virtue is also brought into the case by virtue of the fact that he vienna Government may retaliate by handing of the fact that he is also brought into the case by virtue is also brought into the case by virtue of the fact that he vienna Government may retaliate by handing of the fact that he Vienna Government may retaliate by handing of the fact that he vienna discovernment may retaliate by handing of the fact that he vienna Government may retaliate by handing of the fact that he vienna discovernment may retaliate by handing of the fact that he vienna flowernment may retaliate by handing of the fact that he vienna discovernment may retaliate by handing of the fact that he is also brought into the case by virtue is also brough

### Value of Von Papen's Papers. The State Department is expecting to

receive within a few days copies of the papers that Von Papen gave to Archipapers that Von Papen gave that Von Papen gave to Archipapers that Von Papen gave that Von Papen not that same hopefulness and confidence that the issue is near a settlement that there was a week ago, that both the memorandum and Von Dumba was virtually to invite the Australia of the Confidence that there was a week ago. Papen's own papers will throw much light on the extent to which he may have been guilty of improper acts.

Attention was called to-day to the Ambassador.

fact that one of Ambassador Dumba's As the issue really is that of the offences was in employing an American citizen as a secret bearer of official documents through the lines of the enemy. According to press reports Capt. on Papen did practically the same will take advantage of the occasion to express once more its disapproval of the traffic which the United States has

upheld. part substantiated by press despatches quoting alleged portions of Von Papen's Mr. Penfield his passports or ask for letters, that the papers he gave to Archibald contained most disrespectful refer- consider, it was stated to-day, that there ences to the Administration at Washingment except to acquiesce ton. If this is the case there is little doubt that the Captain will be held be asked for, or should he be summarily dismissed in retaliation, the United As a matter of fact, there is good tive that Austria-Hungary no longer

reason to believe that the Administra- wishes to preserve friendly relations tended them.

The effect of the note is regarded here Papen decided—or if Ambassador von On the contrary, attention is call-Bernstorff decided for him-to enjoy a to the fact that Austria-Hungary is

Should the Vienna Government hand

Should Ambassador Penfield's recall

policy of the Administration with regard obviously been trying to avert a break

New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Balti-more and the Eastern cities—it was for breath from his body, he was whirled "The opinion here about America cerany court to say whether Germany should pay damages in the Arabic case No plan was agreed upon yesterday and only a tentative programme of operation.

along. He managed somehow to keep his wits about him, and when he came to the bend in the pipe, where he would surely have been drowned had he been tainly has undergone a change, especially during the later phases of President credited to the Government of Mexico." round that the line had been indicted Wilson's diplomacy. I remember the time when our notion of the forcing for violating the neutrality act and to inswer might incriminate them. • Judge Veeder held that persons might The six members of the commission, unable to pass it, he managed to twist from England and two from his body so that he was borne along. power of the United States was almost